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Obscovery of RNA and DNA viruses using next-generation sequencing: Targeted enrichment

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Lily Tong¹, Katherine Smollett¹, Kirsty Kwok¹, Kyriaki Nomikou¹, Ma. Jowina Galarion¹, Daniel Mair¹, Ana Filipe¹, Jenna Nichols²

¹MRC-University of Glasgow Centre for Virus Research; ²University of Glasgow

CVR Genomics



Katherine Smollett

University of Glasgow

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Abstract

Next-generation sequencing is a powerful tool for viral genomics. Viruses often constitute a very small proportion of any given sample meaning that methods that enable detection of viral nucleic acids are frequently needed for detection and characterisation. Improvement of sensitivity can be achieved by depletion of unwanted nucleic acid during sample pretreatment or by enrichment such as PCR amplification with virus specific primers, or probe-based targeted enrichment. However, some methods for specific enrichment rely on prior knowledge of the viruses. The development of probe-capture panels targeting multiple viruses have enabled simultaneous sequencing of multiple viruses. Here we describe a highly sensitive and semi-agnostic sequencing method to identify unknown viruses using a pan-viral probe capture design (see Figure 1).

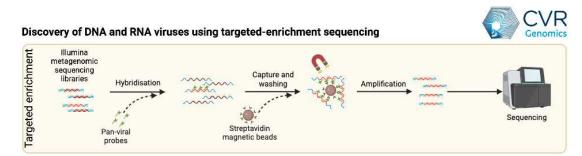


Figure 1: Discovery of DNA and RNA viruses using targeted enrichment sequencing. Image prepared using BioRender.com.

Following simultaneous extraction of RNA and DNA, samples are first split into two and subjected to non-specific enrichment treatments that improve chances of detecting RNA or DNA viruses, respectively and generate untargeted Illumina sequencing libraries as described in the accompanying protocol <u>Discovery of RNA and DNA viruses using</u> <u>next-generation sequencing: Metagenomics</u>. The same sequencing libraries can be subjected to targeted enrichment using a pan-viral probe set to achieve higher sensitivity.

We applied this approach to an outbreak of acute hepatitis of unknown aetiology in children, enabling the identification of adeno-associated virus 2 (AAV2) in all patients but not in samples from controls. This method also led to the identification of adenovirus and human herpesviruses.

This protocol describes how to perform targeted enrichment on metagenomic Illumina sequencing libraries. We enrich for unknown viruses using <u>VirCapSeq-VERT</u> probes, a panel of ~2 million probes that cover the genomes of members of the 207 viral taxa known to infect vertebrates.



Materials

Reagents:

- NG SeqCap EZ Accessory Kit V2 Roche Catalog #7145594001
- SeqCap EZ Hybridization and Wash Kit Roche Catalog #5634253001
- SEQCAP PURE CAPTURE BEAD KIT Roche Catalog #6977952001
- Salmon Sperm DNA Carrier Thermofisher Catalog #15632011
- X xGen Universal Blockers TS mix IDT Catalog #1075474

Additional reagents required:

VirCapSeq-VERT probe pool Absolute ethanol Nuclease-free water 10 mM Tris pH8

Protocol materials

| Salmon Sperm DNA Carrier Thermofisher Catalog #15632011 | | | als, Step 3 |
|---|---------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|
| XGen Universal Blockers TS mix IDT Catalog #10 | 75474 Materi | als, Step | 3 |
| ⋈ NG SeqCap EZ Accessory Kit V2 Roche Catalog | # 7145594001 | In Mat | erials and <u>3 steps</u> |
| SeqCap EZ Hybridization and Wash Kit Roche Ca | atalog #563425 | 3001 | In Materials and <u>3 steps</u> |
| SEQCAP PURE CAPTURE BEAD KIT Roche Catalog #6977952001 | | | In Materials and <u>2 steps</u> |
| | Step 4 | | |

Before start

This protocol starts with DNA and RNA metagenomic Illumina sequencing libraries prepared as described in protocol Discovery of RNA and DNA viruses using next-generation sequencing: Metagenomics.



Hybridisation

3d 1h 46m 10s

1 Prepare enrichment pools from the pre-prepared Illumina metagenomic sequencing libraries. Each pool should contain 8-16 libraries equal ng of each and a total of 1 μg DNA in a 1.5 mL DNA LoBind tube.

Note

When multiplexing for targeted enrichment samples with high viral load may take over the pool. Therefore if the information is available prepare hybridisation reactions with similar viral load, or group samples into pools of similar viral load. Where no viral load information is available pool by molarity or mass.

- 2 Enrichment is performed with <u>VirCapSeq-VERT</u> probes and Roche SeqCap reagents.
 - X NG SeqCap EZ Accessory Kit V2 Roche Catalog #7145594001
 - SeqCap EZ Hybridization and Wash Kit Roche Catalog #5634253001
 - SEQCAP PURE CAPTURE BEAD KIT Roche Catalog #6977952001

Note

VirCapSeq-VERT is no longer commercially available but we will soon release another version of this protocol with an alternative probe set.

3 To each pool add the following blocking reagents:

| A | В |
|----------------------------|-------------|
| Component | Volume (µl) |
| COT DNA | 5 |
| Salmon sperm DNA (1 mg/ml) | 5 |
| xGen Universal blockers | 2 |
| Total | 12 |

- XX NG SeqCap EZ Accessory Kit V2 Roche Catalog #7145594001
- Salmon Sperm DNA Carrier Thermofisher Catalog #15632011



4 Concentrate the pool using Ampure XP.

★ Agencourt AmPure XP beads Catalog #A63880

Note

Ensure Ampure XP beads are equilibrated to room temperature for 30 min and vortex well before use.

Note

Alternatively the pool can be concentrated using a speedy vac, for example if the volume is too high for Ampure clean up.

- 4.1 Add 2X total volume of the pool plus blocking reagent of AmpureXP.
- 4.2 Place on a magnetic rack until beads and solution have fully separated 00:05:00.

5m

- 4.3 Remove supernatant being careful not to disturb the beads.
- 4.4 Add Δ 800 μL 80% Ethanol (freshly prepared) and incubate Room temperature for 00:01:00 .

1m

- 4.5 Remove all traces of ethanol being careful not to disturb the beads.
- 4.6 Air-dry the beads for around 00:03:00 taking care not to over dry the beads.

3m

5 Prepare the hybridisation mix (for multiple samples prepare a master mix with 10% excess):

| A | В | |
|-------------------------|-------------|--|
| Component | Volume (µI) | |
| 2X Hybridisation buffer | 7.5 | |



| | A | В |
|---|---------------------------|------|
| Г | Hybridisation component A | 3 |
| | Total | 10.5 |

SeqCap EZ Hybridization and Wash Kit Roche Catalog #5634253001

- 6 Add 🗸 10.5 µL hybridisation mix directly to the bead-bound DNA samples, remove from magnet and mix thoroughly.
- 7 Incubate at Room temperature for 00:02:00.

2m

8 Place on magnetic rack and elute the entire 4 10.5 µL DNA/hybridisation mix to a new 0.2 mL PCR tube tube containing Δ 4.5 μL VirCap-VERT probe pool.

Note

It is important that all the volume is transferred, slight carry over of beads is unlikely to significantly impact results.

Note

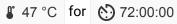
Use single PCR tubes with caps (Applied Biosystems N8010540) as we have found these have the best lids for reducing evaporation.

- 9 Mix thoroughly by pipetting.
- 10 Incubate as follows on a PCR machine with lid set to \$\mathbb{L}\$ 105 °C :

5m

3d

11 Quickly transfer to second PCR machine with lid set to \$\infty\$ 57 °C and incubate as follows:





Note

It is important that the hybridisation reaction remains at 47 °C during the next steps so set the PCR machine to hold.

Capture and washing

12 Prepare the wash buffers per capture as follows:

| A | В | С | D | E |
|-------------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| Component | Tube label | Tube type | Reagent volume (µ l) | Water volume (µl) |
| 10x stringent wash buff er | A | PCR | 20 | 180 |
| 10x stringent wash buff er | В | PCR | 20 | 180 |
| 10x wash buffer 1 | С | PCR | 10 | 90 |
| 10x wash buffer 1 | D | PCR | 20 | 180 |
| 10x wash buffer 2 | E | PCR | 20 | 180 |
| 10x wash buffer 3 | F | PCR | 20 | 180 |
| 2.5x bead wash buffer | G | 1.5ml | 200 | 300 |

SeqCap EZ Hybridization and Wash Kit Roche Catalog #5634253001

- 13 Transfer tubes **A** and **B** \perp 200 µL Stringent wash buffer and tube **C** Δ 100 μL wash buffer 1 to the PCR machine to equilabrate to \$\mathbb{\mathbb{g}}\$ 47 °C .
- 14 Prepare capture beads.
- 14.1 For each capture, place 4 100 µL capture beads in a 1.5 mL tube.

Note

Can prepare the beads for up to six captures in a single tube. Equilibrate the capture beads to room temperature for 30 min and vortex for at least 15 sec before use.



SEQCAP PURE CAPTURE BEAD KIT Roche Catalog #6977952001

- 14.2 Place tube on a magnet, remove liquid being careful not to disturb the beads.
- 14.3 Add 2x the initial volume of beads of bead wash buffer (tube **G**).
- 14.4 Remove from magnet, vortex for 00:00:10 then centrifuge briefly.

10s

- 14.5 Place tube on a magnet, remove liquid.
- 14.6 Repeat bead wash one more time (2 washes in total).
- 14.7 Re-suspend beads in 1x original volume of bead wash buffer (tube **G**) by vortexing.
- 15 Transfer 4 100 µL resuspended beads per capture to a fresh 0.2 mL PCR tube.
- Place tube on a magnet, remove liquid and proceed immediately to next so that the beads do not dry out.
- Incubate in a PCR machine for 00:45:00 at 47 °C , with the heated lid set to

45m

Note

To improve binding efficiency it is recommended that you briefly mix the tubes by gentle flicking every 15 mins.



- 19 Add Δ 100 μL wash buffer 1 pre-heated to 47 °C (tube **C**).
- 20 Mix by vortexing for 00:00:10.

10s

21 Place tube on a magnet, remove liquid.

Note

The sample has now gone from being highly concentrated but with a low proportion of viral fragments to very low concentration but high proportion of viral fragments. To prevent contamination it is recommended to move to a separate workstation at this step.

- 22 Add Δ 200 μL stringent wash buffer pre-heated to β 47 °C (tube **A**). Pipette 10X to mix.
- 23 Incubate at \$\mathbb{8} 47 \cdot \cdot \text{for } \cdot \cdot \cdot 00:05:00 \text{ .}

5m

- Repeat stringent wash one more time (tube **B**, total 2 washes).
- Transfer mixture to a fresh 1.5 mL DNA LoBind tube.

Note

The following steps require vigorous vortexing so transfer to 1.5ml tubes with more secure lids is highly recommended.

- Place tube on a magnet, remove liquid.
- Add Δ 200 μL wash buffer 1 at Room temperature (tube **D**) and vortex for 00:02:00 .
- 28 Place tube on a magnet, remove liquid.

2m



- 29 Add 🚨 200 µL wash buffer 2 at 🖁 Room temperature (tube **E**) and vortex for 1m 00:01:00
- 30 Place tube on a magnet, remove liquid.
- 31 Add 🚨 200 µL wash buffer 3 at 🖁 Room temperature (tube **F**) and vortex for **(:)** 00:00:30 .
- 32 Place tube on a magnet, remove liquid.
- 33 Remove from magnet, resuspend the beads in A 20 µL Nuclease-free water and mix well by pipetting.

Note

Proceed directly to amplification leaving the capture beads in solution.

Amplification

3d 1h 46m 10s

30s

34 Prepare the PCR mix (for multiple samples prepare a master mix with 10% excess):

| A | В |
|------------------------|-------------|
| Component | Volume (µl) |
| 2X KAPA HiFi ready mix | 25 |
| Post-LM PCR oligos | 5 |
| Total | 30 |

NG SeqCap EZ Accessory Kit V2 Roche Catalog #7145594001

- 35 Set up two PCR tubes per capture and add \perp 15 µL PCR mix to each tube.
- 36 Briefly vortex bead-bound captured DNA from step 33 and spin down.

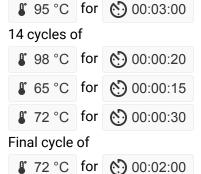
37 Add 4 10 µL bead-bound captured DNA to each PCR reaction tube.

Note

This is an on bead PCR so include the beads in the PCR reaction and ensure the entire reaction is added to the PCR.

38 Incubate on a PCR machine as follows:

6m 5s



Note

4 °C hold

Samples are now both highly concentrated and contain a higher proportion of viral fragments. If possible, the following steps should be done in a separate high viral load post-PCR room/area.

- 39 Briefly centrifuge PCR reactions and place on magnetic rack until the beads and solution have fully separated.
- 40 Transfer the 4 25 µL PCR reaction into fresh tubes, combining the 2 reactions from each pool to make a total volume of $\perp 50 \mu L$ per pool.
- 41 Pools can be cleaned up and undergo quality control as described for single libraries in protocol Library clean up and quality control for Illumina sequencing.

Pooling and sequencing

42 Using the bp size and ng/µl concentration calculate the nM concentration for each pool as follows:

$$Conc(nM) = \frac{sample(ng/\mu l)}{size(bp)*660(q/mol)}*1000000$$

- 43 If multiple pools are to be combined in the same sequencing run then pool by equal molarity with each pool weighted by the number of sequencing libraries contained within it as described in the protocol Library pooling and quality control for Illumina sequencing.
- 44 Sequence the pools on an Illumina sequencer following the manufacturer's guidelines.

Note

For targeted viral discovery sequencing we recommend sequencing at a depth of 20 million reads per sample (10 million for RNA viral discovery and 10 million for DNA viral discovery).